

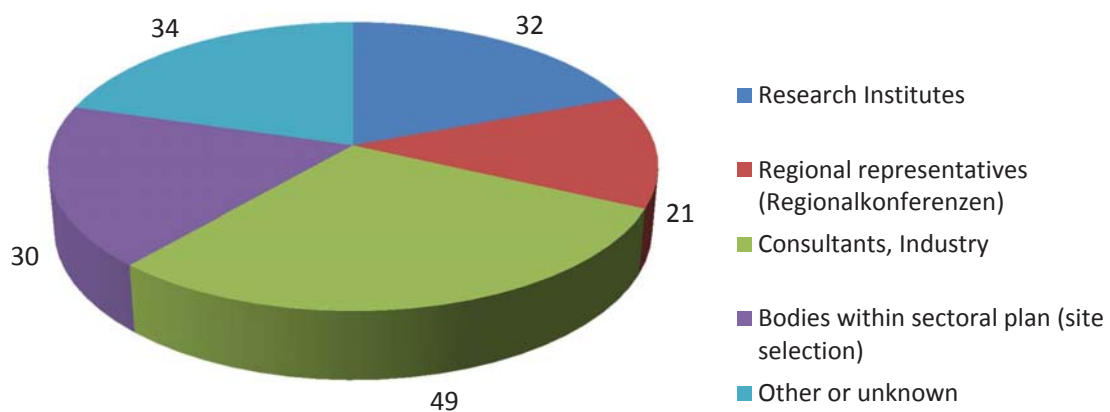
# Rock Mechanics and Rock Engineering of Geological Repositories in Opalinus Clay and Similar Claystones - Introduction

Simon Löw, Chair of Engineering Geology, ETH Zürich



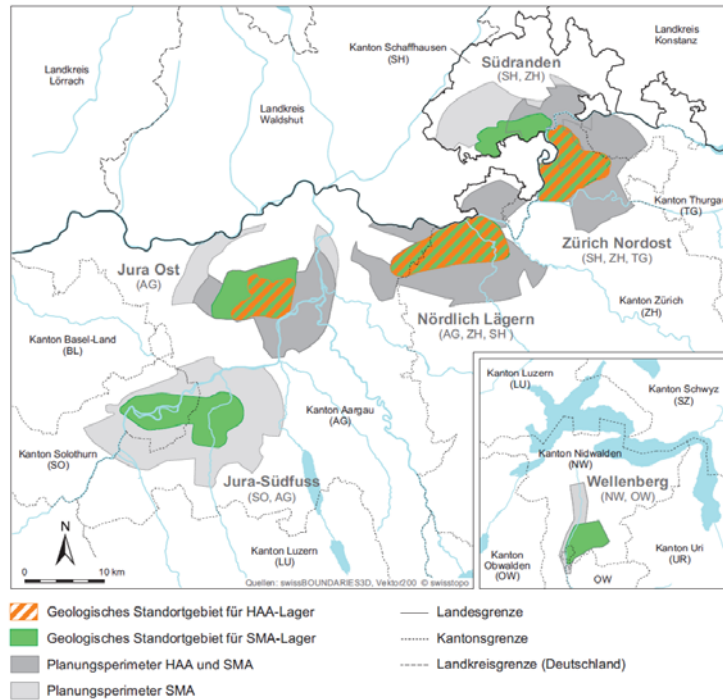
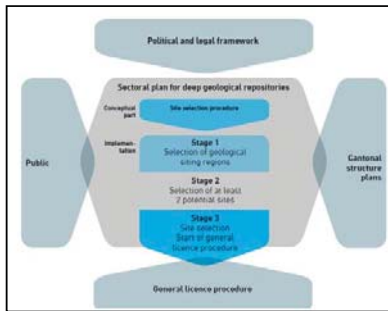
Wellcome 200 Participants and 13 Invited Speakers !

Number and Affiliation of Participants





## Stage 1 Regions for HLW (orange) and LLW/ILW (green) Repositories & Planning Areas (gray) in Northern Switzerland. Stage 2 Selections 2014



NTB 11-01

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## Repository Excavation induces Spalling and Overbreak in intact and faulted Opalinus Clay at Mont Terri Underground Rock Laboratory (elevation 400 m bgs)



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## The Predicted Degree of Damage and Deformation of the Opalinus Clay Barrier in the Various Siting Regions is a Criterion for Site Selection

Key Factors influencing Short and Long Term Damage and Deformation of Opalinus Clay in Northern Switzerland are:

- Intact Rock Strength and Deformability
- Repository Depth
- Tectonic Faulting and Jointing
- In-situ Stress Field
- Swelling and Pore Pressure Coupling
- Excavation Dimensions and Shape
- Excavation and Support Methods

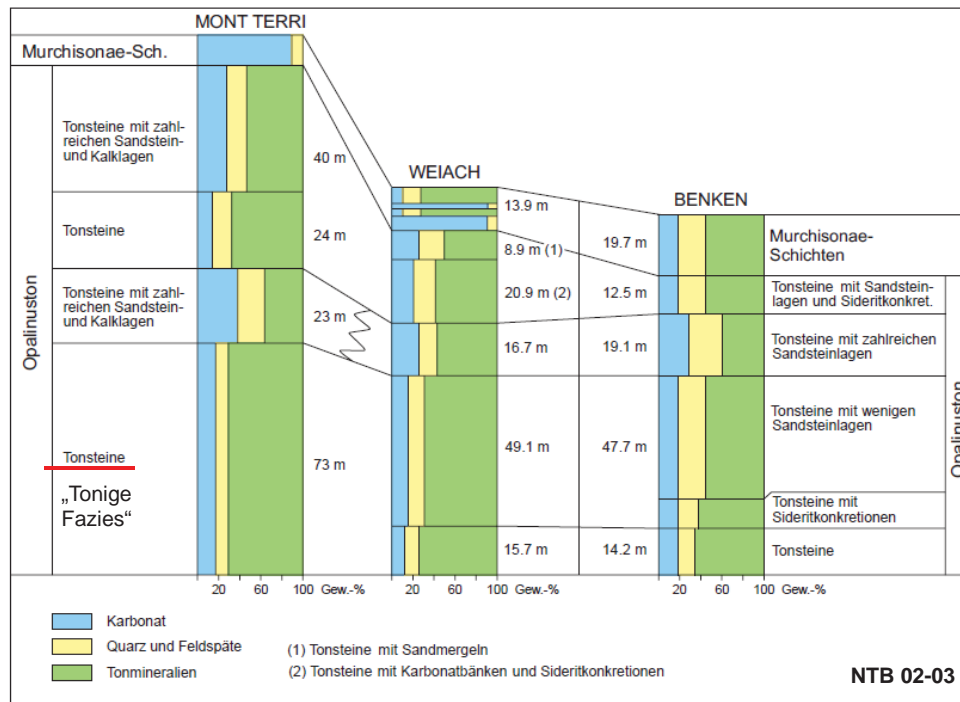


Paleogeography during the deposition of the Opalinus Clay: 80-120 m thick mudrocks deposited in a shallow epicontinental shelf sea with a relief formed by syndepositional subsidence and fault reactivation





## Regional Stratigraphic Correlation and Variation of Mineralogy in the Opalinus Clay between Mont Terri and the Siting Regions



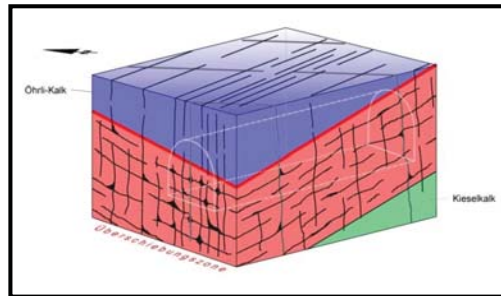
## Regional Variations in Maximum Burial Depth (Overconsolidation), Porosity, Density & Ultrasonic Velocity of Opalinus Clay in Northern Switzerland

- Maximum Mesozoic and Cenezoic burial depth decreases from East (Herdern) to West (Mont Terri):
  - about 2850 m Herdern
  - about 1700 m Benken
  - about 1650 m Weiach
  - about 1000 m Mont Terri
- This results in regional trends of intact OPA properties:
  - Porosity increases from East to West (Bodensee about 4%; Züricher Weinland about 7-12%; Mont Terri about 14-18%)
  - Density decreases from East to West
  - Ultrasonic rock velocities decrease from East to West

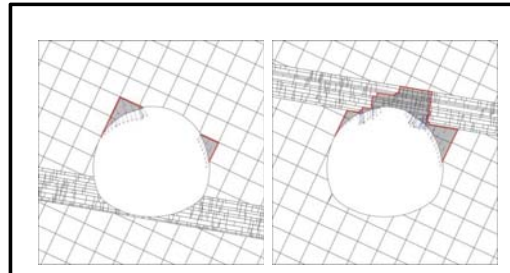




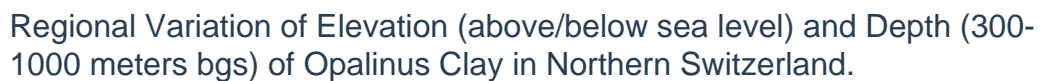
### 3. Ermittlung bautechnischer Eigenschaften



#### 4. Analyse von Gefährdungsbildern



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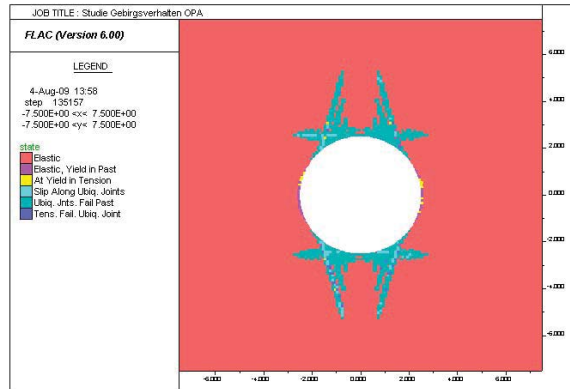
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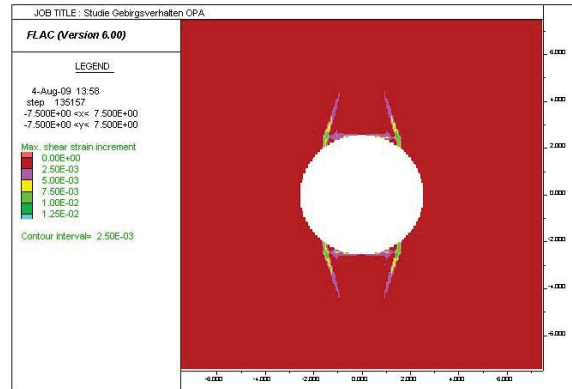


## Simulated Fracture Pattern and Shear Strain at Tunnel Face: 400 meters below Ground Surface ( $k_0=0.9$ )

### State



### Shear strain increment

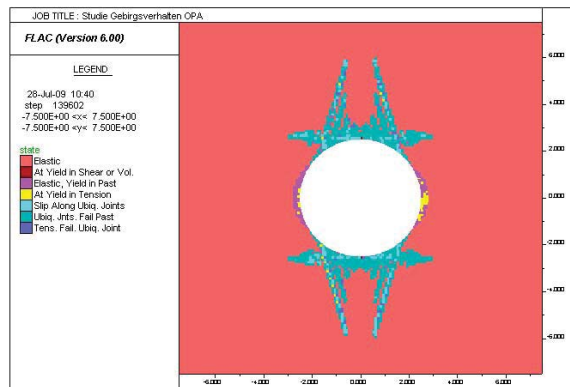


Amann & Löw 2009

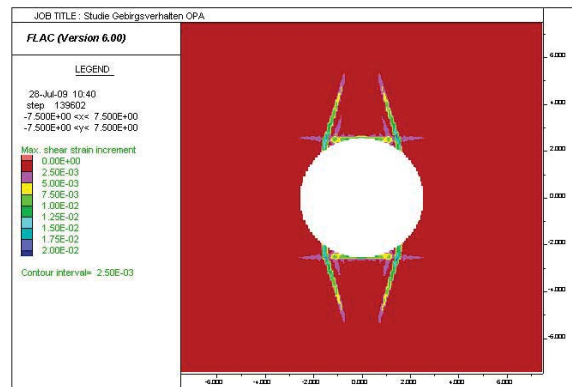


## Simulated Fracture Pattern and Shear Strain at Tunnel Face: 600 meters below Ground Surface ( $k_0=0.9$ )

### State



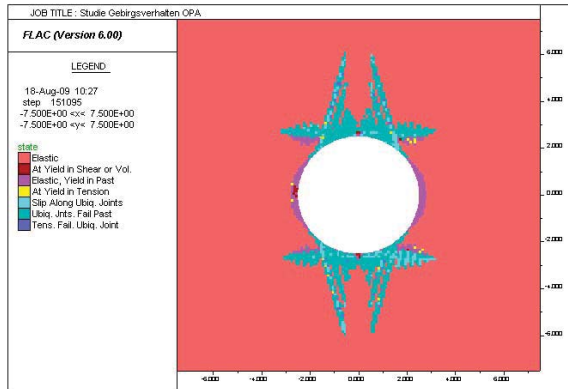
### Shear strain increment



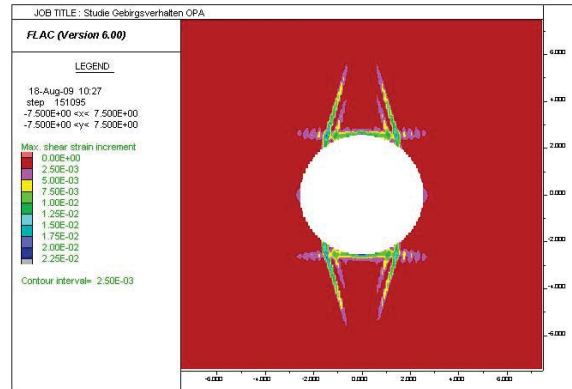


## Simulated Fracture Pattern and Shear Strain at Tunnel Face: 700 meters below Ground Surface ( $k_0=0.9$ )

### State

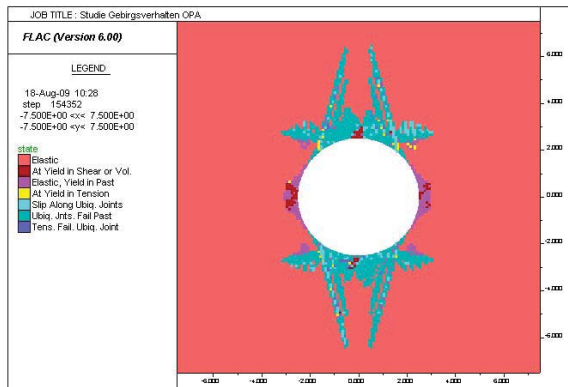


### Shear strain increment

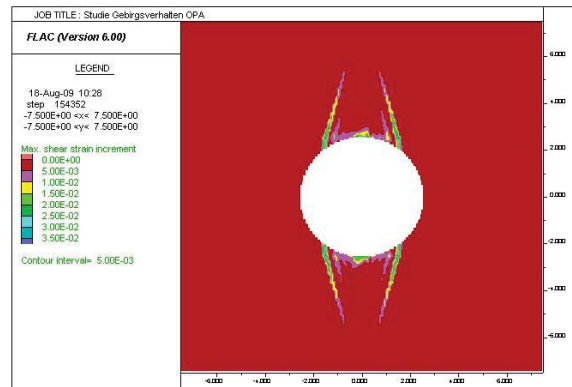


## Simulated Fracture Pattern and Shear Strain at Tunnel Face: 800 meters below Ground Surface ( $k_0=0.9$ )

### State



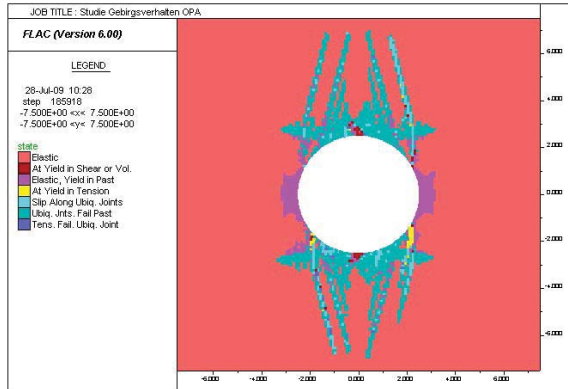
### Shear strain increment



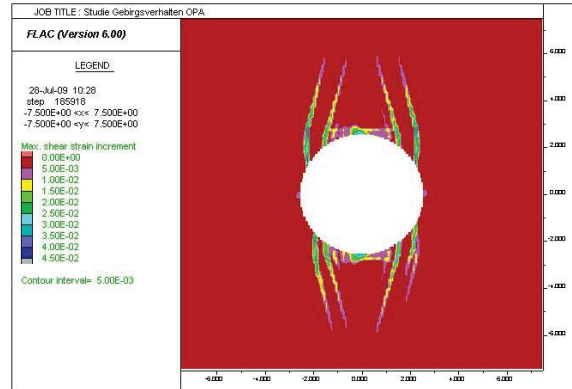


## Simulated Fracture Pattern and Shear Strain at Tunnel Face: 900 meters below Ground Surface ( $k_0=0.9$ )

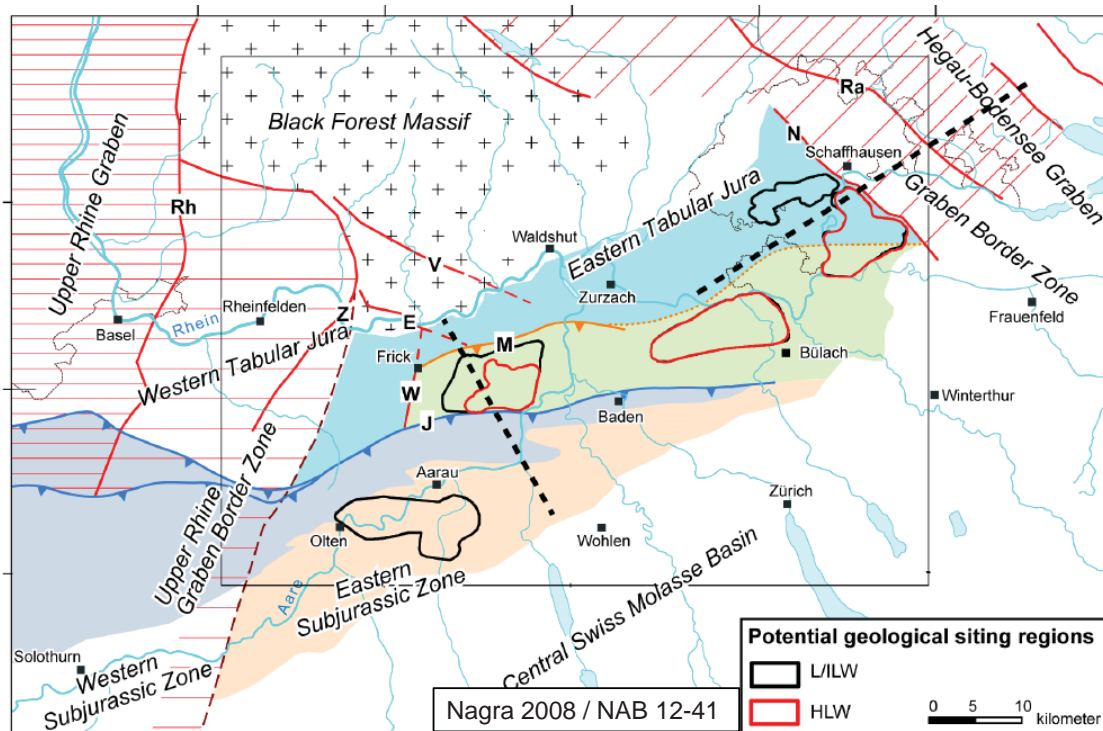
### State



### Shear strain increment



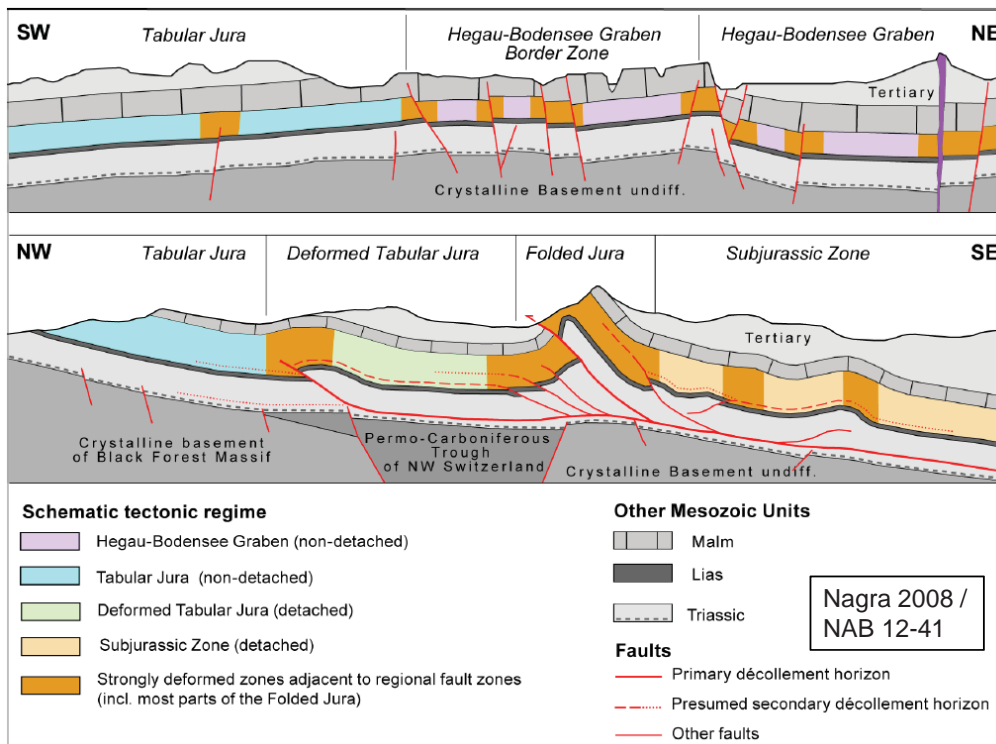
## Tectonic Units of Proposed Siting Regions







## Schematic Cross-Sections Through Siting Regions in Northern Switzerland (Subjuristic Zone & Deformed Tabular Jura)

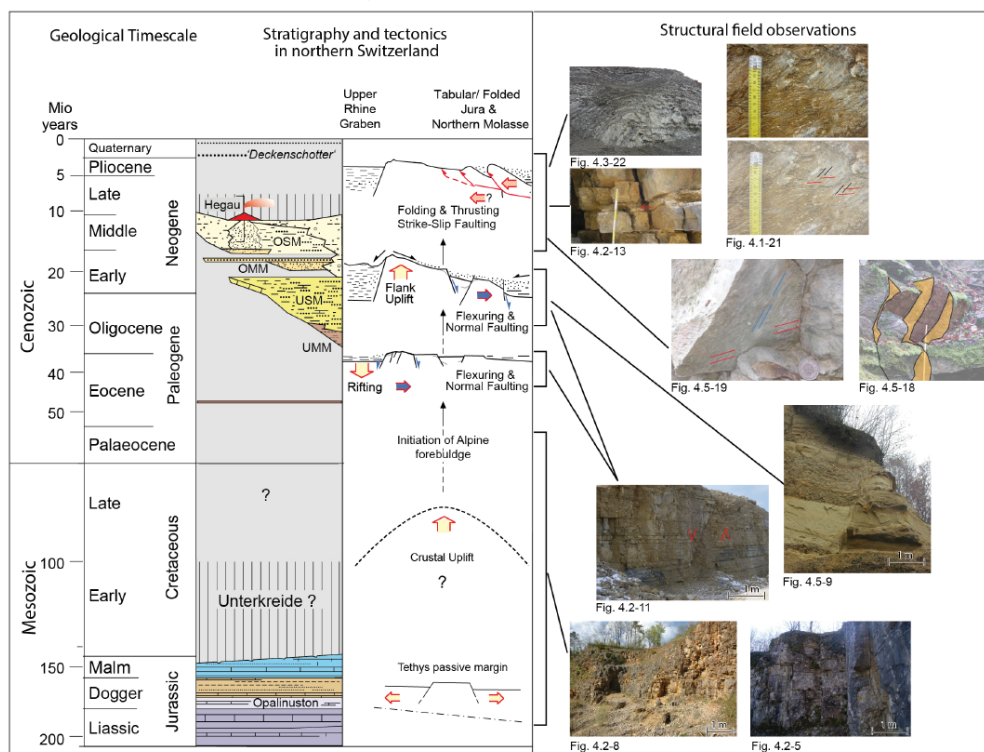


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## Multistage Mesozoic and Cenozoic Jointing, Faulting (Normal, Strike-Slip and Reverse) and Folding in Northern Switzerland



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